



Project title:	Prevention, Protection and Recovery Programme
Name of Implementing Agency:	Ministry of Home Affairs, Nepal Police and Armed Police Force
Contact Person:	Joint Secretary, Peace and Security Division, Ministry of Home Affairs (MoHA)
Status:	Ongoing
Cluster:	Security and Transitional Justice
Duration:	01 July 2012- 31 June 2014
Location:	75 districts
Budget:	NPR 146,590,000/-

Description:

The project aims to address the needs of MoHA and its districts' administration, Nepal Police and Armed Police Force to implement recovery, prevention and protection programs in alignment with National Action Plan (NAP) on UNSCRs 1325 and 1820 for achieving sustainable peace in Nepal. Sexual and gender based violence (SGBV) increased during the conflict and have continued unabatedly in the post conflict period as well. Conflict resolution and transitional justice has often been undermined by security personnel's inability to understand the underlying causes and their insensitivity towards the special requirements of SGBV survivors.

Thus police personnel and district administrators need to be well oriented on matters of SGBV particularly on the prevention of violence and protection of survivors. Lack of clear cut operational guidelines on dealing with SGBV cases and in-house code of conduct for police personnel along with inadequate physical and financial resources has inhibited them from effectively dealing with SGBV cases and providing justice to survivors. Thus, there is an urgent need to develop the capacity of relevant police personnel on: i) gender issues; and ii) contemporary measures for dealing with SGBV. Besides providing sensitization and training on SGBV to relevant officials, a good idea would be to start off by providing knowledge on SGBV and on relevant legal and international instruments right from the outset - i.e. from the training course during the time of their entry.

The project also initiates the construction of enabling environment for security personnel dealing with SGBV in a gender sensitive way by providing clear cut directives for investigation of SGBV and the code of conduct they need to abide by. The enabling environment will be further reinforced by gender sensitive physical facilities that will facilitate easier access and smoother interaction with victims of SGBV and thereby strengthen the investigation on SGBV cases.

In addition, the project tries to address the economic need of women inmates who need to be reintegrated in the society after completing their sentence. Overall, the project aims to contribute to reduction of SGBV in a peace and conflict sensitive manner. The project supports efforts from the Government of Nepal, the United Nations, Nepali and international non-governmental organizations to re-generate and then maintain momentum of the peace process to deliver a sustainable peace.

Goal:

To ensure effective implementation of NAP on UNSCRs 1325 and 1820 for achieving sustainable peace in Nepal

Purpose:

To increase access of conflict affected women & girls (CAW&Gs) to transitional/traditional justice (TJ).

Output:

- 1) Improved institutional capacity of MoHA, Nepal Police and Armed Police Force to effectively implement NAP.
- 2) Increased capacity of women inmates to engage in income generation activities.
- 3) Nepal Police and Armed Police Force effectively respond to sexual and gender based violence crimes.